

Free pdf Discrete mathematical structures sample paper [PDF]

1 imagine taking the numbers 0 1 2 and 3 these are the elements we re going to add them but we ll do this mod 4 that just means that we ll write down the remainder when the answer is divided by 4 this is the operation so for example $2 + 3 + 5 = 10 \pmod{4}$ we can build up a table of the answers we get thus our game of arithmetic might begin with the following five rules which we hope will give the necessary degree of objectivity

e 1 for any number b $b + 0 = b$ the reflexive rule e 2 for any numbers a and b $a + b = b + a$ the symmetry rule e 3 given any three numbers a b and c $(a + b) + c = a + (b + c)$ and example the real numbers the set of real numbers has several standard structures an order each number is either less than or greater than any other number algebraic structure there are operations of addition and multiplication the first of which makes it into a group and the pair of which together make it into a field discrete mathematics is the study of mathematical structures that are countable or otherwise distinct and separable examples of structures that are discrete are combinations graphs and logical statements discrete structures can be finite or infinite majority of mathematical works while considered to be formal gloss over details all the time for example you ll be hard pressed to find a mathematical paper that goes through the trouble of justifying the equation $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$ every mathematical paper or lecture assumes a shared knowledge base with its readers examples the set $\{1, 2, 3\}$ together with $+$ is a pointed set it would normally be written as $(\{1, 2, 3\}, +)$ \mathbb{R} is a pointed set \mathbb{R} is a pointed set it is not the same pointed set as \mathbb{Z} \mathbb{Z} is not a pointed set because $\pi \notin \mathbb{Z}$ relations examples of groups are everywhere in abstract mathematics we now give some of the more important examples that occur in linear algebra please note though that these examples are primarily aimed at motivating the definitions of more complicated algebraic structures final exam sample questions solutions questions selected for fall 2017 1 determine the prime factorizations greatest common divisor and least common multiple of the following pairs of numbers m n in each case give bezout coefficients s and t such that $sm + tn = \gcd(m, n)$ a 6 8 prime factorizations 2 3 23 $\gcd(2, 23) = 1$ a midsummer night s structure example 1 6 2 the structure \mathbb{Z}_n that we have just introduced is called the standard \mathbb{Z}_n structure an algebraic structure is a set called carrier set or underlying set with one or more finitary operations defined on it that satisfies a list of axioms examples of algebraic structures include groups rings fields and lattices structure in mathematics 175 one often uses the phrase the structure of thus a mathematical object M is said to have the structure of a group when there is given an operation of multiplication on the elements of M which satisfies the group axioms a metric space M is a set together with a distance function d which in mathematics an algebraic structure consists of a nonempty set S called the underlying set carrier set or domain a collection of operations on S typically binary operations such as addition and multiplication and a finite set of identities known as axioms that these operations must satisfy example $(\mathbb{Z}, +)$ is algebraic structure under $+$ $1 + 1 = 2$ $1 + 1 = 2$ $1 + 1 = 2$ $1 + 1 = 2$ $1 + 1 = 2$ $1 + 1 = 2$ $1 + 1 = 2$ all results belong to \mathbb{Z} but the above is not an algebraic structure under $+$ $1 + 1 = 0$ not belongs to \mathbb{Z} semi group a non empty set S S is called a semigroup if it follows the following axiom closure $a + b$ belongs to S for all $a, b \in S$ mathematical logic 3 1 a structures every mathematician recognizes a mathematical structure as such when he sees it here are some examples 1 1 a a graph is a pair (G, E) where G is the set of nodes and E is a binary relation on G $i \in E, j \in G$ 2 a partial ordering is a pair (P, \leq) where P is a set and \leq is a binary relation \emptyset introduction 2 of the equation $x^n + y^n = z^n$ fermat s last theorem was only proven 1995 by a wiles after 350 years of work of many mathematicians which involved mathematical modeling this workshop presents two capstone lessons that demonstrate mathematical modeling activities in algebra 1 in both lessons the students first build a physical model and use it to collect data and then generate a mathematical model of the situation they ve explored atomic and molecular statements a statement is any declarative sentence which is either true or false a statement is atomic if it cannot be divided into smaller statements otherwise it is called molecular example \emptyset 2 1 atomic telephone numbers in the usa have 10 digits the moon is made of cheese the addition subtraction structures are grouped into three main types change part part whole and comparison for each type there are multiple structures depending on what information is known and unknown change problems one of the first things you might notice is that the structures are not designated as addition or subtraction classroom stories building mathematical structure elementary math topics classroom stories mathematical domain mathematical practice standards the author of this post dr e paul goldenberg has over 40 years of 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